DSES Pulsar Observation Report #23: B1556-44

Observation Parameter

Source Name

Date & Time (UTC)

Integration Time

Observers

Telescope

Feed horn

Receiver

Computer

Planning Tools

Collection Tools

Flux Density

Source RA, DEC (J2000)

Value

B1556-44 (J1559-4438)

202201101_182333

10800 secs (180 mins)

Glenn Davis, Dan Layne

Plishner 60 ft. dish (18.3 m). Haswell, CO

1296 Mhz, Single Polarization, Beamwidth = 0.88°

USRP B210, Bandwidth = 30 Mhz. RF Gain = 64

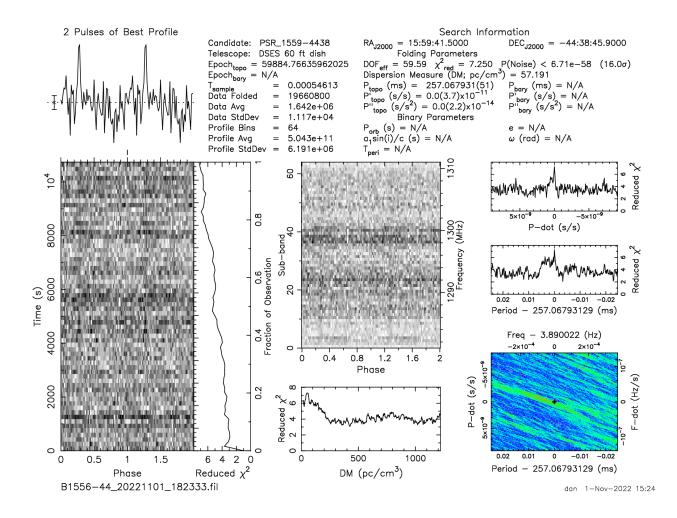
System76, 16 core, Ubuntu 20.04

Murmur, Stellarium, System 1

System 1, GnuRadio, PRESTO/TEMPO, RIPTIDE

37 mJy (S1400)

15^h 59^m 41.5^s; -44° 38' 45.9"



<u>Discussion</u>: PRESTO results, based on the ATNF pulsar ephemeris, are shown above. This pulsar was low on the horizon, likely causing additional ionospheric effects. Since PRESTO results are weak, the RIPTIDE time-series algorithm was used to verify the pulsar. Shown below, RIPTIDE shows a faint trace at the same phase angle as PRESTO. Also, RIPTIDE found the peak at the same period as PRESTO (within 1 microsecond). Some RFI is apparent in the PRESTO phase plots, which also inhibits ability to find low S/N pulses. The RFIClean algorithm was used to excise RFI in the data, but it didn't improve the results since RFI removal algorithms tend to smooth the real pulse data along with the noise. Nevertheless, B1556-44 was detected Nov. 1, 2022.

